

<u>ST MATTHEW'S CHURCH OF ENGLAND PRIMARY PUPIL</u> <u>PREMIUM STATEMENT 2018 (APRIL)</u>

For the financial year 2018-19 St Matthew's CE Primary School has been allocated £171.600.00 Pupil Premium funding. Primary schools receive £1,320 for each child registered as eligible for free school meals at any point in the last 6 years. Primary Schools receive £1900 for Children who are Looked After.

Summary of the barriers to learning:

Deprivation - The school serves a community, which reflects extreme social and economic challenges. 86% of children eligible for free school meals (ever 6). The school's deprivation indicator is 0.44, which is more than double the national average of 0.21.

Behavioural, Mental and Social health and wellbeing needs- Many of our children and families have challenges with routines, parenting capacity, mental health, and managing emotions.

Diversity - 94% children from minority ethnic families, 69% speak English as an additional language. Some of the children need targeted support in order to catch-up with their peers in terms of language and oracy.

Start Points - Assessment on entry to the foundation stage, show many children have poorly developed communication skills, little or no english, poor personal, social and emotional development. Attainment on entry is substantially below developmental milestones for the majority of children. In 2016 baseline to Nursery showed 75% of children coming in below or significantly age related expectations in language and communication.

Mobility - the school has 79% mobility putting the school in the second from bottom quintile for stability.

| Chosen action / approach | What is the evidence and rationale for this choice? | How will you ensure it is implemented well? | When will you review implementation? | Staff lead? |
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| READING SUPPORT IN YEAR 3 AND YEAR 4 | To meet the demands of the new curriculum in reading means we need to invest in high- quality first teaching of reading and outstanding interventions to support this. | Story Hunters Year 3 & Reading Gladiators Year 4 higher attainers | As part of the termly assessment cycle. | DHT - Sonia Thompson |
| | Research (John Hattie, Sutton Trust toolkit) have shown that small group interventions with highly qualified staff are effective in | Small group reading programme for all children in Yrs 3 and 4. Line management meetings with | Teachers will be asked to evaluate the impact of interventions, during | |
| | promoting pupil progress. | teachers, DHT and TAs | their termly pupil progress meetings and | |
| | Ensure that teachers and teaching assistants are well trained and deployed effectively to accelerate children's progress. They will also | Regular learning walks of reading across the school. | performance management meetings | |
| | assist in creating personalised intervention programmes to best support children's needs. | Children make expected or better attainment and talk with enthusiasm about their academic | | |
| | Children make expected or better attainment and talk with enthusiasm about their academic future. | future. Teachers have had Shared Reading training and this has provided all staff with some | | |
| | PP children make better progress in reading so that their writing is influenced by this PP children can achieve well in spelling | clear strategies to support children with reading comprehension. When children read daily they | | |

| | Children enjoy reading and can talk enthusiastically about a book they are enjoying. PP children achieve in line with non-PP children. | gain in confidence. That 10-15 minutes of chatting about the book and linking the story to something they have experienced helps them to remember in long- term memory what they have learned. This time makes them feel valued. This time makes them see that books are positive and enjoyed. The boys who do not like reading will be more inspired in class with book more appropriate to their interest. | | |
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| LAMDA | LAMDA is a world famous organisation, founded in 1861. It is one of the oldest drama schools in the UK and has provided the world with generation upon generation of professionals who have reached the highest levels in their field. It is the UK's leading statutory speech and drama awarding organisation. LAMDA aims to improve standards in communication through spoken word, whilst fostering an appreciation of literature, poetry and drama. The examinations were designed to equip learners, whatever their age or aspirations, | Interpretative skills The learner will be required to: learn the words of a poem and recall them aloud. Technical skills The learner will be required to: develop skills in voice and diction. Communication skills The learner will be required to: respond to simple questions in a conversation. Communicate the sense of the written word in the poem all of the time. Speak the poem from | Termly review of progress and attainment | SLT/ Naila Younis |

| | with a range of skills, which will serve them throughout life. They provided learners with an opportunity to measure progress against an international standard, build self-confidence and self-esteem. All young people - regardless of their background - should have the opportunity to develop the speaking and listening skills they need to access Further and Higher Education, secure employment and participate in lifelong learning. Challenge students to learn to communicate the spoken word using variations in tone. It is imperative that the spoken language for students is developed. LAMDA can help with this great life skill. LAMDA encourages high quality public speaking to audiences, and self-expression. Children learn team participation. The group acting pieces help teamwork, confidence and interaction with others. Social Skills - Children learn to play an | memory with no prompts. Speak the poem with expression and confidence all of the time. Speak the poem with audibility appropriate to the performance space all of the time. Speak clearly all of the time. Maintain concentration in the conversation all of the time Respond appropriately to all questions about the chosen toy or object A qualification grade can be awarded - Pass, Merit or Distinction. | It is expected that | HT - Paulette |
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| Tuition | instrument, join a musical group or ensemble | opportunity to learn how to play | children will take a | Osborne |

| learn important life skills, such as how to relate to others, how to work as a team and appreciate the rewards that come from working together. Patience - In a world of instant gratification, learning to play an instrument is not something that can happen overnight. It is the daily efforts of everyday practice that can help a musician learn how to play without mistakes. Most musicians go through years of regular practice that includes daily musical exercises and the tackling of progressively difficult musical pieces, which in turn helps them conquer the virtue of patience. Resilience - Choosing to take music lessons can help build confidence. Once you are aware that you are able to do something well, like play the flute for instance, you naturally become more confident of your skills. Achievement - Extensive research done in this area has proved that children who learn to play a musical instrument do better in academics. Shaw, Rauscher, Levine, Wright, Dennis and Newcomb, explored the link between music and intelligence. They reported that music training is far superior to computer instruction in dramatically enhancing children's abstract reasoning skills, the skills necessary for learning math and science. | the Violin. Children have a weekly lesson with a specialist tutor and have access to a violin to take home to practice. All children in Year 4 have a weekly flute and singing lesson. Children who demonstrate an aptitude continue with flute lessons in Years 5 and 6. Children in KS2 have an opportunity to audition for the school choir, who are active within the local community. | Music Medal Exam, by the end of KS2. All children play, as part of their class assemblies. Termly concerts are held. Children have an opportunity to play together with older pupils. Increased musical skills for all children. Widen opportunities for all pupils to participate in whole school initiatives such as: performing in the school concert and attending the Symphony Hall to watch concerts. |
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| Morning Club Salary & Resources | Improved memory - Music and memory go hand in hand. Learning to play a musical instrument makes you use both parts of your brain and this in turn boosts memory power. Maestro Eduardo Marturet, found that participation in music at an early age could help improve a child's learning ability and memory by stimulating different patterns of brain development. Music education is also linked to higher IQ levels and the physical development of certain parts of the brain. Reduce pupil mobility- support for parents who have moved out of the Nechells locality. (From 70.2 stability up to 79.2.) Support for parents who work or attend higher education. Opportunities for social and language skills to be developed. Improved attendance and punctuality for children identified as being at risk of underachieving. Aim to reduce Level of persistent absence | We provide a daily social morning club, which is subsidised through the use of the Pupil Premium fund. Fees are reduced even further, at the discretion of the Headteacher, for children identified as being most in need and during periods of increased instability, for families. We have employed a play worker to | Children are able to make sensible choices about activities. Children able to achieve personal goals and challenges. Raised parents' awareness of the importance of attending school daily - especially for our wulkerable pupils | HT - Kim Blewitt £4958.00 £933.00 £1,500.00 |
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| | be developed. Improved attendance and punctuality for children identified as being at risk of | Headteacher, for children identified as being most in need and during periods of increased | awareness of the importance of attending | |

| <u>G&T</u> <u>Teacher</u> <u>/Academic</u> <u>Excellence</u> | Extended Provision for the higher attaining children Improved language and communication skills. High achievers are further motivated though having additional well paced, language rich lessons, where feedback is immediate and activities are stimulating. Enables more able children to catch up, then keep up and sustain learning, alongside their academic peers. Aspirations are challenged and children's pathways are potentially changed. We provide a long-term opportunity for children to sit and pass 11+ tests or to be able to apply for scholarship at Independent Schools. Greater number of children achieving 'Exceeding' by the end of the academic year. | morning club. We provided tuition for two hours per week for up to nineteen gifted pupils across the school. Children work with 'experts' whose day-day role involves working with high achieving pupils. Our Governors have been very impressed with the outcomes of this programme and have funded all the children to attend a one- week summer school. | concentration and attainment. Pupils have greater access to structured play and organised sporting activities. Termly, Pupil Progress Meetings Termly Book Scrutinies Review meetings with Academic Excellence All children on the programme are on track to achieve GDS at the end of the year for Reading, Writing and Maths based upon Spring 2018 data review. | HT – Paulette Osborne |
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| Senior Learning Mentor | To continue to have a full-time Learning Mentor to develop and support children's emotional, social and behavioural needs and to support the children through difficult times, e.g. transition or family difficulties. The Learning mentor develops targeted behavioural interventions for | The vision for the SLM is to develop the three main factors that support a child's resilience: High attainment at school; strong personal and social skills and parental support for their child's | Bi Weekly pastoral meetings, where whole school behavioural data is analysed and actions are put into place for key individuals and key | Karen Oram £34,082.00 |

| identified students. The Learning Mentor also | learning. | families. |
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| organises parental work alongside these | This is being achieved by: | Greater support for |
| interventions. | Creating a welcoming environment | Pupils and families in |
| | (Parents room and outside court | Early Help strategies. |
| The EEF toolkit suggests that targeted | yard areas have been developed) | We have witnessed |
| interventions matched to specific students | | increased enjoyment |
| with particular needs or behavioural issues can | Arrange: workshops, Parent | levels of the pupils |
| be effective. | Consultation Days, Parent to | through using online |
| | School Days and basic skills | books, and access to the |
| Experience fewer behavioral difficulties. | workshops for parents | library. |
| Increase in parents attending parent | Supporting the school to respond | |
| consultation days (96% 2017 93% 2018) and | to wider societal issues such as | Increased motivation |
| parents' to school days. | childhood obesity, extremism, | and enjoyment at |
| | gang violence and poor parenting | playtimes and |
| Results of questionnaires show that parents | by organizing workshops around: | lunchtimes. Pupils able to |
| feel they receive help from school to support | healthy eating, oral health, | make sensible choices |
| their child's education. (93% of parents | Street 'Clear up' sessions, | about activities. Pupils |
| reported that the they received valuable | Fundraising projects, Baby Saver | able to achieve personal |
| information from the school about their child's | and Stay and Play sessions. Some | goals and challenges. |
| progress) | of these workshops are open up | |
| | to the wider community | |
| Re-establishing and reinforcing a positive | | |
| perception of school and learning and improved | Provide a program of out of hours | |
| self-efficacy for the whole family (96% of | learning opportunities for parents | |
| parents reported that the school responds well | and children. | |
| to any concern that they raise) | | |
| | Support parents with budgeting | |
| | and contacting relevant agencies, | |
| Providing additional support for children with a | when parents struggle to | |

| | range of needs - emotional, social, behavioural, attendance / punctuality etc. Increased numbers of children making accelerated progress. Increase self confidence; greater independence; better team-working and collaborative skills, exhibited by key groups of children Meet the emotional needs of children who may be falling behind because of friendship, social or emotional barriers to learning. Children are more likely to believe they can control events that affect them and therefore build resilience | understand LA policies and practices. Strong partnerships with external agencies. | | |
|---|--|---|---|-------------------------|
| | Children's progress and attainment in reading, writing and maths, to be at national average and better at key benchmarks. | | | |
| Enrichment activities/ Educational visits (Including residential for | Enhance children's education by bringing new concepts to light. These activities are fun for the children, but they also impart knowledge. They allow our children to apply knowledge and skills taught in school to real-life experiences. Provide experiences, which many parents would not be able to independently afford for their | Each teacher is encouraged to supplement their classroom teaching with enrichment opportunities (sports, music, dance, residential, visiting artists etc.) | Difference narrowed between FSM and all pupils for the majority of classes. Standards raised and rates of progress improved for vulnerable groups of pupils. | SLT - Sonia Thompson |

| Reception and | child. | |
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| Year 6) | Results of questionnaires show that children enjoy coming to school – attendance has improved 98.4%. | Raised standards in speech, leading to improved standards in reading and writing. |
| | The end of KS2 narrows the attainment gap for all groups. | Increased pupil confidence and self- esteems. |
| | Support Language development- sustained increase in age related expectations for writing. | Pupils learn enhanced vocabulary and learn to understand complex instructions, so that |
| | | they can engage in their class more quickly. Pupils able to return to main classes more |
| | | quickly |